



# Challenges and Benefits of Using Mine Pool Water for Hydraulic Fracturing

Tom Gray, PE  
Heather Trexler, PG

July 24, 2012



# OUTLINE

- Availability of mine water
- Mine water characteristics
- Benefits of using mine water
- Challenges of using mine water
- Evaluation and permitting
- Mine pool management
- Example projects
- Conclusions



# PENNSYLVANIA'S CURRENT AMD ISSUES

- 2,400 miles of abandoned mine drainage (AMD) polluted streams
- PADEP has limited funding for treatment of discharges and cleaning streams
- Four main classes of discharges:
  - Active operator, treated discharge
  - Closed mine, treated discharge
  - Orphaned discharge (Pre-1977), no treatment
  - Legacy / Forfeited, discharge treated by DEP





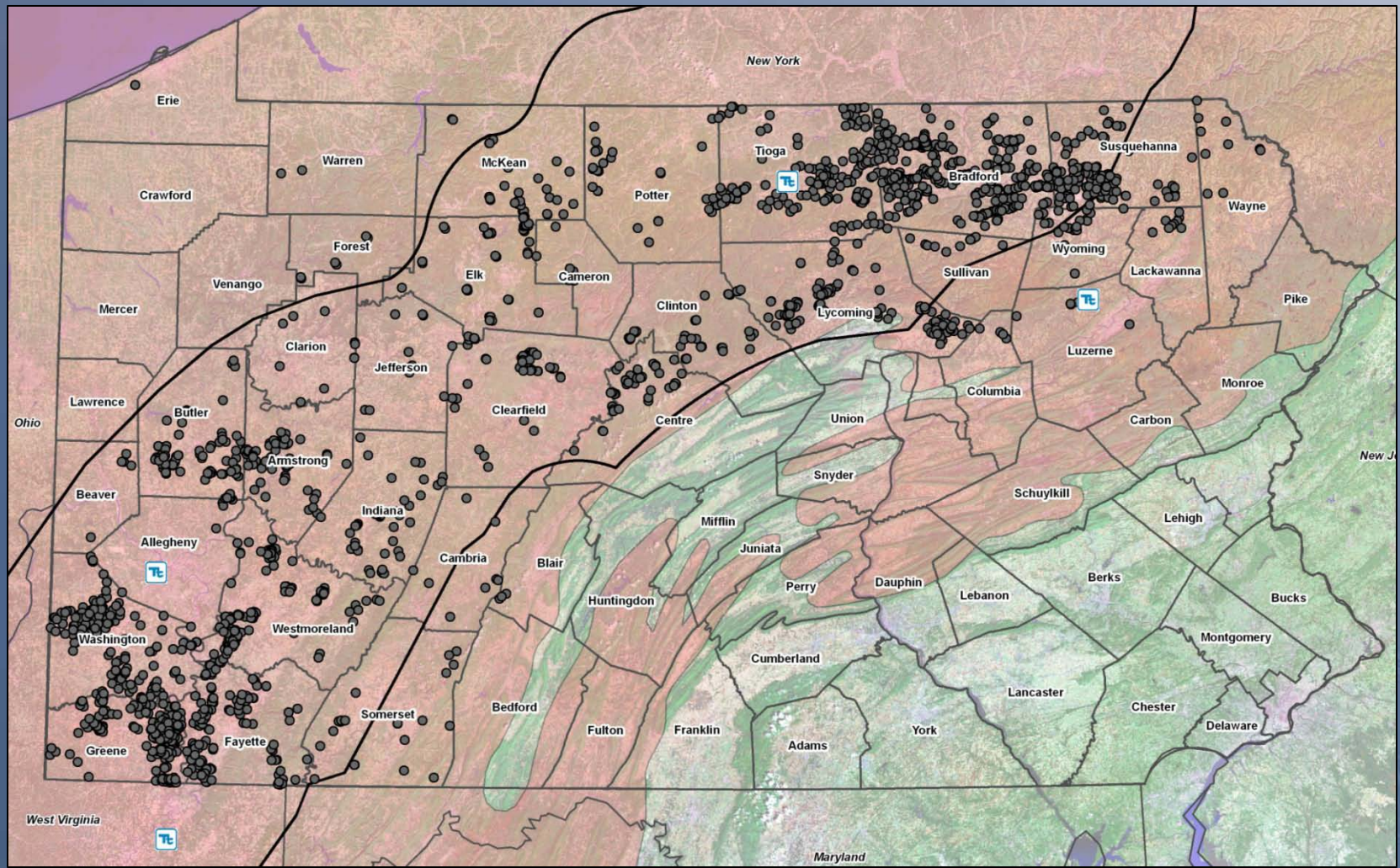
# AVAILABILITY OF MINE WATER

- Hydraulic fracturing requires large volumes of water
  - Water sources are limited
    - Surface water
    - Ground water
  - Water delivery challenges
    - Trucking
    - Piping
- Large quantities of water are available from abandoned mines
- Mine pools are present throughout the Marcellus Shale Play



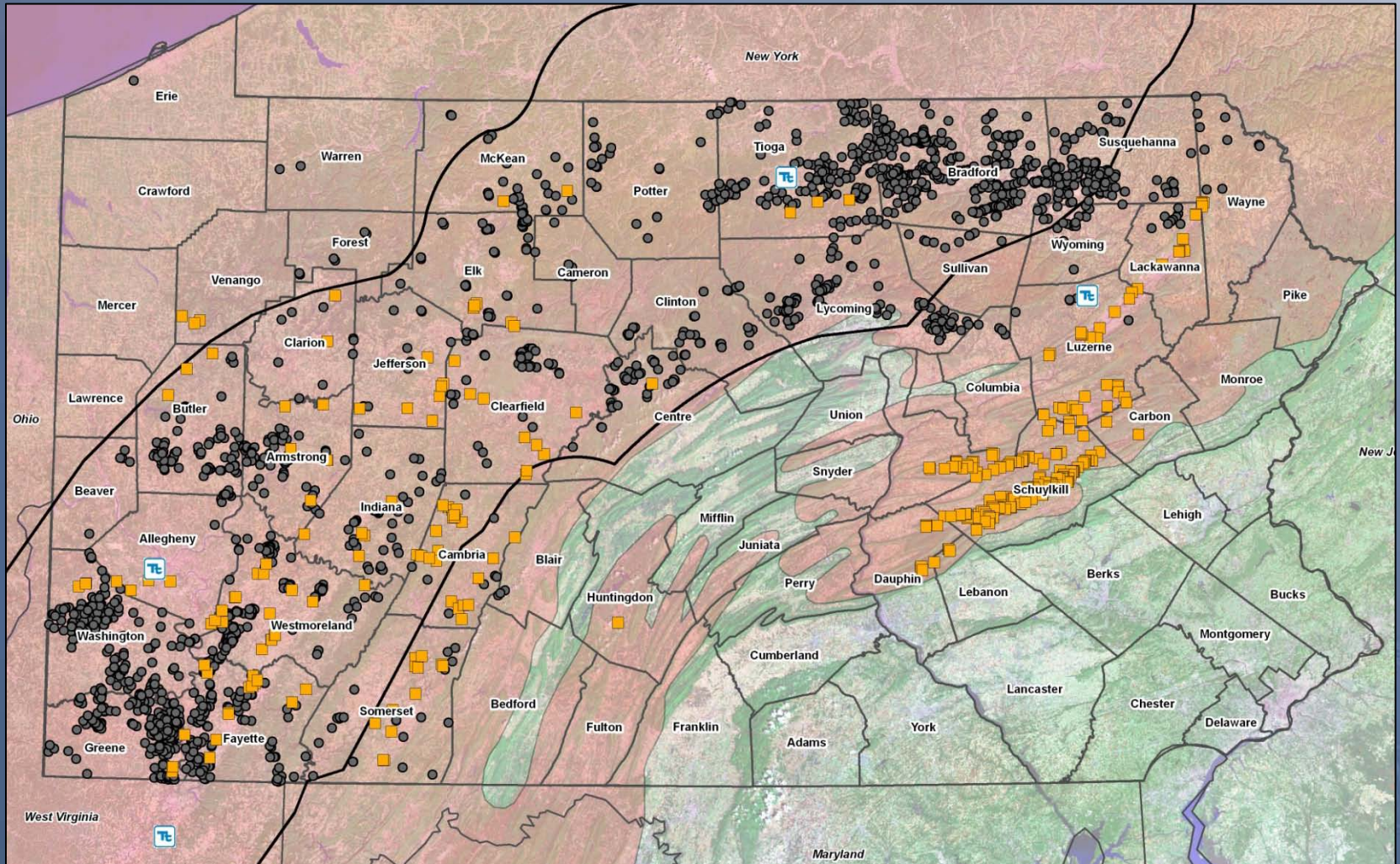


# MARCELLUS SHALE MAP – WELLS ONLY





# WELLS AND MINE DISCHARGES





# MINE WATER CHARACTERISTICS



- Typical flow ranges from 300 gpm to 3,000 gpm (1/2 MGD to 1.5 MGD)
- Acidic or neutral
- Iron 1 ppm to 100 ppm
- Aluminum, manganese
- Sulfates 50 ppm to 1,000 ppm

# BENEFITS OF USING MINE WATER

- Goodwill / Environmental benefit - reduce metal loadings and pollutants to watersheds
- Reduce 'clean' water withdraw
- General close proximity and abundant supply of mine water
- For active mines – existing infrastructure and clear ownership
- Less road damage





# CHALLENGES OF USING MINE WATER

- Water Quality
  - Treatment may be required
  - Quality varies
- Abandoned discharges – unclear ownership of water and liability
- Impact of withdraw from mine pool
  - Destabilization of mine
  - Flow may be required for a stream
- Interbasin transfers



# EVALUATION AND PERMITTING

- PADEP white paper: *Utilization of Mine Influence Water in Well Development for Natural Gas Extraction*
  - Environmental impact from mine water and benefit to watershed
  - Current mine water flow and volume at the site
  - Proposed volume to be used
  - Characterization of the mine water
  - Proposed site development, including storage facilities
  - Spill Prevention Plan
  - Evaluation of mine pool
    - History of mining
    - Mine pool recharge rate
    - Potential of impacts due to subsidence
    - Potential of impacts to water supplies
- Water Management Plan, E&S Plan, NPDES?





# MINE POOL MANAGEMENT

- Lower or maintain pool levels to eliminate unmanaged discharge
- Complex issues
  - History of mining, multiple discharges
- Treatment
- Quality varies with change in pool elevation
- Operating & maintenance
- Not an exact science – need for experience



# EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION FIRMS

- Need water – 5mil gallon/frac
- Need goodwill – environmental benefit
- Want low water cost/less road damage
- Environmental compliance managed by PADEP





# EXAMPLE PROJECT – DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

- **Project Driver:** DRBC surface water use limitations
  - DRBC – Severe limits on GW/SW withdrawals
  - Supports use of treated mine water imported from Susquehanna River
  - PADEP & Lackawanna River Groups support mine water use
  
- **Tetra Tech:**
  - Developed concept to use mine pool water
  - Installed weirs & monitored flows and quality
  - Developed conceptual treatment/transport plan/cost estimate



TETRA TECH

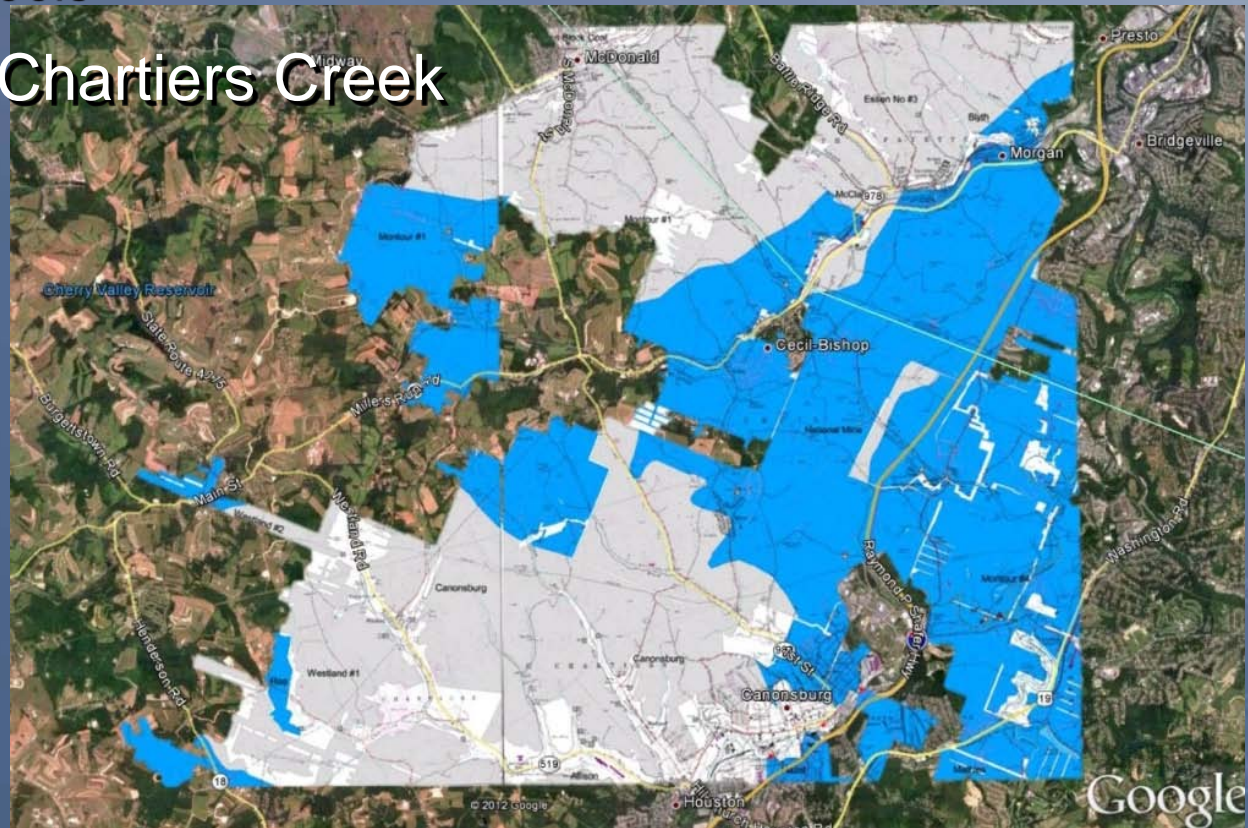
# EXAMPLE PROJECT – GLADDEN MINE

- Gladden Mine Pool
- South Fayette Township, PA
- Project participants:
  - South Fayette Conservation District
  - PA DEP
  - Range Resources
  - Tetra Tech



## EXAMPLE PROJECT – GLADDEN MINE

- Mine history
    - Three mine pools
  - Discharge to Charters Creek
- 
- An aerial photograph of a mine site. A label 'Midway' with a small arrow points to a location in the upper right portion of the image, which appears to be a cleared area or a small body of water. The surrounding landscape is a mix of green vegetation and brown, cleared earth.



# EXAMPLE PROJECT – GLADDEN MINE



- 2005 report by Chartiers Nature Conservancy
  - “Without treatment of Gladden Mine discharge, Millers Run or Chartiers Creek could not be restored”
- Discharge characteristics:
  - Flow ~700 gpm
  - pH 6.0
  - Iron 100 ppm
  - Sulfate 760 ppm

# EXAMPLE PROJECT – GLADDEN MINE

## ■ **DEP goal:**

- Clean the stream
  - Acid neutralization
  - Iron removal
  - Sustainable treatment

## ■ **Range Resources goals:**

- Water supply for well development of adequate quantity/quality
- Reasonable cost
- Goodwill





# EXAMPLE PROJECT – GLADDEN MINE

- Concept
  - Hydrated lime (or similar material) treatment system
  - Lower mine pool
  - Add second treatment stage for use well use
  - Pump treated water to impoundments at wells
  - Discharge excess water to stream
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> party operator
  - Cost share
    - Capital
    - Operating and Maintenance
    - Trust Fund
- At end of drilling, plant and trust fund donated to DEP



# CONCLUSIONS

- Issues
  - Liability
  - Cost sharing
  - Environmental compliance
  - Drilling schedule
  - Cost of gas
  - Incentives
  - EPA acceptance

# CONCLUSIONS

- Self control vs. regulated
- Don't miss other opportunities
  - CSO
  - Alkaline Ash



# THANK YOU!

**THOMAS GRAY, PE**

(412) 921-8794

[tom.gray@tetrattech.com](mailto:tom.gray@tetrattech.com)

**HEATHER TREXLER, PG**

(412) 920-8602

[heather.trexler@tetrattech.com](mailto:heather.trexler@tetrattech.com)



TETRA TECH